Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1867. NUMBER 45.

FROM EUROPE.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

Cuba.

HAVANA EXPEDITION.—TWO UNITED STATES WAR VESSELS WERE REMOVED.

LONDON, August 13—Evening.

Advices received here from Shanghai give the voluminous accounts of a conflict between two steamers of the American squadron in Chinese waters and the pirates of the Island of Formosa. The United States authorities having received neither satisfaction nor apology for the murder of the crew of the American bark Rover, the crew of a war Hartford and Wyoming were ordered to the scene of the outrage on Formosa and sailed early in June. On arriving off the island a demand was made for the surrender of the murderers, which was not complied with. Meantime it was apparent that the natives were preparing for a fight, and the chief Wan, vigorously abetted by both consuls, destroyed boat loads of sailors and marines were subsequently effected a landing; and a sharp fight ensued with the Formosans, which lasted over five hours. The land was finally won, and fifteen officers and men were reported wounded.

Lieutenant Stidell Mackenzie, one of the landing party, was shot, and died of his wounds at night. The fighting party was withdrawn from the shore, and the bombardment resumed, and continued till the natives disappeared. The Hartford and Wyoming are anchored under the walls of Shanghai, where they arrived on the 7th of June.

CHINESE IDEA OF MAXIMILIAN.

Among the general items of news from Shanghai it is stated that the Chinese merchants refuse to receive as currency Mexican dollars coined during the reign of Maximilian.

JAPANESE NEWS.

The latest advices from Japan, via Shanghai, report that the case of the ship Anna Kimball, seized for infraction of the commercial treaty between China and the United States, has been satisfactorily settled.

Great Britain.

FINAL PASSAGE OF THE REFORM BILL.

Amendments Adopted—Earnest Opposition—Speech of Disraeli.

In the House of Lords to-night, the consideration of the Reform Bill was resumed. Earl Derby was present, and moved that the House go into committee on all of its amendments to the bill, except the one providing for the representation of minorities, which had been accepted by the House of Commons. After a long debate, the motion was put and carried in favor of the Government.

The MARINE DISASTER.

LONDON, August 12—9 P. M.

Despatches have been received here which state that the steamer A. J. Ingersoll, of Boston, Captain Clark, which left Hong Kong on the 25th of May, for Shanghae, recently struck a rock near Shantung, on the Chinese coast. Though the steamer was badly damaged, the cargo and vessel will be saved.

PRIVATE SENTENCED.

DUBLIN, August 12.

Captain Moriarty, leader of the Fenian rising in Kerry, has been sentenced to imprisonment for ten years.

MARINE.

LONDONDERRY, August 12.

The steamer Manhattan, from Quebec, arrived at Queenstown on the 12th. The City of Boston, from New York, has arrived.

Turkey.

RUMOR THAT OMAR PACHA HAS RESIGNED HIS COMMAND OF THE CANDIAN FORCES.

PARIS, August 12—Evening.

A report has reached here from Candia that Omar Pacha has resigned his command of the Turkish forces.

Prussia and Denmark.

PROSPECTUS OF A SATISFACTORY SETTLEMENT OF THE NORTH SCHLESWIG QUESTION.

LONDON, August 12—Evening.

It is reported that the differences between Prussia and Denmark, in regard to North Schleswig and the execution of the stipulations of the treaty of Prague, are in a fair way to be settled. Negotiations now going on between the two countries indicate a disposition on both sides to come to a speedy agreement.

Italy.

GARIBALDI'S RESIGNATION CONFIRMED.

Garibaldi is at Sienna, where it is said, is actively engaged in renewing preparations for his movement on Rome.

France.

PROPOSED MEETING BETWEEN NAPOLEON AND KING WILLIAM.

PARIS, August 12.

It is again asserted that a meeting will take place between the Emperor Napoleon and the King of Prussia.

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THE INDIAN WAR.

Raising of Troops in Canada—Fight between Sioux and Indians at Big Sandy—Call for Aid from Governor Hunter; of Nebraska—Sioux Reported to be Arming.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

OMAHA, August 12.

The Denver Gazette says a company of Independent scouts, numbering sixty, now stare Boreddo in pursuit of the Indians committing depredations in that region.

Three hundred white troops and fifty Pawnee scouts are stationed at the agency.

The Nebraska City News publishes the following despatch from Governor Hunter:

NEBRASKA CITY, August 10.

Sioux met 4 miles west of Fort Kearney, Saturday, and fought all day. Number of Indians not known. Troops engaged, 200. Sioux defeated. Loss of Indians not known. Loss of troops, 2 killed and 4 wounded. Fighting continued as soon as possible.

Governor Saunders, of Nebraska, and Governor Hunter, of Canada, have issued proclamations calling for troops to defend the frontier settlements against the Indians. The Omaha Herald says:

The Nebraska troops will be mustered out of service, and the Canadian troops will be disbanded as soon as possible.

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FROM MADISON.

General Stevenson's Message—Action Relative to the Removal of Prof. Slaughter and General Resignation—The Wheat and Crops.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

MADISON, August 12.

The State Journal says: Governor Lewis, in speaking of General Stevenson's letter, from the views expressed in the letter, he does not think that Secretary Stanton's views in relation to the duties assigned to the General while here, where his presence is still necessary, differ from those of the President, but he would not be surprised if the latter would not be willing to allow the General to himself as to the time when he should return to his command, and states that his sympathies are with the people of this State in the matter. The General during the war, and would be pleased to see him.

Governor Lewis is not good authority, this State is loyal, is ready to trust every man who will be loyal, is ready to trust every man who will be loyal, is ready to trust every man who will be

Chicago Tribune

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY

OFFICE, No. 51 CLARK ST.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 15, 1847.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

THE NOMINATION OF SUBSTANTIAL MEN.

THE YELLOW FEVER IN NEW ORLEANS.

THE MARKETS ACT.

THE NEW ORLEANS EPIDEMIC.

THE HOG-CHOLERA.

THE LAKE SHORE RAILROAD.

THE LAKE SHORE ARRIVED TO-DAY.

FROM PARIS.

The Prizes at the Exhibition.

A Review of the Official List of Awards.

Who Were Honored.

The Lion's Share Awarded to French Exhibitors.

The Real Status of the Slave-Master Controversy.

Paris, July 31st.

All Communications by the International Jury appointed by the Executive Commission of the Exhibition of 1867 have been published. The list is a long one, and fills nearly two columns of the Moniteur. Of course it is impossible to give the whole list, but the following will be found to contain the names of the principal exhibitors who have received awards:

[illegible]

THE LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Cholera Increasing in Russia.

Fearful Mortality in Moscow.

Over 1,000 Deaths Daily.

Panic Among the Inhabitants.

Flight of the Nobility and Rich Merchants.

Famine Threatened.

Cholera Abating in Prussia.

Fearful Mortality in Berlin.

Over 1,000 Deaths Daily.

Panic Among the Inhabitants.

Flight of the Nobility and Rich Merchants.

Famine Threatened.

Cholera Abating in Prussia.

FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

PARIS.

JUDGE CHASE.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

COMMERCE.

JUDGE CHASE.

An Unfortunate Attack by a New York Paper.

[From the Washington Chronicle, August 12.]

Mr. Journal, of whose character we have not the slightest knowledge, in quoting a paragraph from the Chief Justice of the United States in his late charge, to the effect that the people have the fortune of FOOLS, the

Who Nominated Maximilian as Emperor of Mexico?

A letter from Mr. Hurlburt, one of the editors of the New York World, who is now in Paris, makes a curious statement with reference to the visit of the Emperor and Empress Queen Victoria at the Isle of Wight. Mr. Hurlburt says that the object of that visit was to seek consolation for the death of the late Archduke Maximilian, to whom she was indirectly related, as also was the Empress Eugenie in too direct a woman not to accept all the restrictions imposed upon her by custom, still there were moments in the first days of her Imperial exile that the noble soul of the Gondolier of Yuba was very willing to console, and, had she been free to do so, Dr. Brunetti, of Paris, would have been called to the bedside of the Empress Charlotte, at Miramar, with the young Princess Clementine, of Belgium. He had crossed the Atlantic and ruled in Northern Italy; he was a knight, a man of mission, a chatelaine, a waiter, courteous to a fault, with soft and persuasive manners, comeliness far to look upon than the sphinx of the Tuileries, and, added to his other dear blue eye, and his six feet of well-developed, manly figure, a man to behold with pleasure anywhere, and in any company. His exiled rank made it proper for the Empress to receive him with the cordiality of an equal; and when he departed from the exiled Empress, a higher range of prizes presented themselves to the ambitious mind of the lovely Empress, a whole panorama of blooming memories. And so, when the gallant Knight of the Empress for Mexico became the order of the day, Eugenie, looking back upon those blooming memories, rather than Queen Victoria, or Napoleon, impulsively suggested the handsome, gallant and chivalrous Austrian Prince. The suggestion once made, the matter was referred to the Emperor Napoleon to favor it. The favor of credit ripened into a fruit of policy. Who could then foresee that the fruit would crumble ere three brief summers should come and go? Such are the apple on all these royal and Imperial fruit?

The Increase of Insanity.

Our high-pressure civilization has its disadvantages and dangers, which it is well not to forget. One is that the feverish activities it encourages are often too much for the brain, whose delicate structure too often yields to over-work or undue excitement. This evil is alarmingly on the increase, both here and on the other side of the Atlantic. Last year the London *Medical Times and Gazette* reported that the number of the insane in England had increased seventy-one per cent. in five years, while the population had only increased five per cent. In France the case was still worse. The number of the insane increased, forty-two per cent. in five years, while the population only increased two per cent. That is to say, the French are four times as crazy as the English. Perhaps the coming census will enable us to learn if we are broken all the rules of the Chief Justice, and is believed to be the most insane. Judging from an insane article, it will never bring us here, sir—too much brain.

The *Fall Mall Gazette* takes up this subject afresh, and confirms what the *Medical Journal* has said as to the alarming increase of the insane. It also says that the increase is not due to any greater facility for admission, as the additional diseases have gained on the population in the ratio of at least three per cent. per annum since 1859. The present ratio of the insane to the population it puts at 1 to every 400 in Great Britain. Scotland, it says, is the country where there is the greatest amount of insanity in England and the least in Ireland, probably because in the former there is the greatest mental activity and the most high living.

In this country it is a conceded fact that insanity has increased considerably in the last ten years. Nowhere in the world is the strain on the mental organization greater or more intense than here, where the work of a generation is done in a year.

The second annual reunion meeting of the Eighth Illinois Cavalry will be held at Wenona, on Wednesday, September 5.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

TUESDAY EVENING, August 13.

The advance of the Wheat crop has completely changed the business situation. The recovery is so far better even than the harvest is prospective finely in the crop has been cut and secured, and the movement of the crop to the seaboard has already begun. The active demand for currency is already relieved, and the banks in Interior cities are fully half a million richer for our large banks telegraphed orders of currency were received from all parts of the West. The train on hand, large in Baltimore to the amount of the banks were estimated to be in New York. Many others, if not to-morrow. Fortunately, there is very limited demand for the currency at the moment, which is all the more fortunate inasmuch as the seaboard. The wisdom of a revival in business, yielded to

Despatches from Washington to Chicago to-day, and the leading Board-talk seemingly, in view of the more favorable advices from New York, were quite active, and a higher range of prices prevailed, the transactions at the Board reaching 1,000 bushels at 72½@72¾ for No. 1 Spring, 72½@72¾ for No. 2 Spring, and 72½@72¾ for No. 3 Spring. The receipts of Wheat to-day were 29,727 bushels against 6,779 on this day a year ago. Corn and Oats were quiet for the same day in yesterday, was called up for the usual meeting, but, in consequence of a special meeting of the full Board to be held to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Wareman, White Dudley, under the rules and regulations of the Board of Trade, [illegible] to take both sellers' and purchasers' bids for Wheat, Corn and Oats, and to report the same to the Secretary for publication.

Resolved, That the Directors be empowered to [illegible] Board of Trade, and for another [illegible] Board of Trade, and for another [illegible] Board of Trade, and for another

Chicago Times.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1867.

THE CITY.

S. J. Paul M. will meet this evening in Collins' hall, in the old Metropolitan block, for ... ening. Business of ... important.

... Lecture.—The ... of ... ...ment during the ... ... evening last ... ... The ... ...